

# Alternative Intersections

Alternative intersection designs provide unconventional ways to accommodate left-turning movements.



## TRANSPORTATION NEEDS ADDRESSED

-  Capacity and Demand
-  Safety
-  Reliability
-  Access

## COST MAGNITUDE

- Capital Cost 
- Operation and Maintenance Cost 

## WHEN TO CONSIDER THIS STRATEGY

-  Congested arterial intersections with high left-turn volumes
-  Arterial intersections with high left-turn crash rates
-  Arterial corridors where grade separation is not feasible

## COMPLIMENTARY STRATEGIES

-  Access Management
-  Channelization & Delineation
-  Minor Roadway Improvements
-  Traffic Signal Coordination
-  Safety Countermeasures

## HOW WILL THIS HELP?

-  Reduce delay by simplifying signal timing and shortening cycle lengths
-  Reduce the number of conflict points at an intersection to increase safety reduces the adverse effect of merging vehicles on mainline traffic.

## HOW DOES IT WORK?

-  Alternative intersection designs to consider include:
  - + MODERN ROUNDABOUT
  - + MARYLAND T-INTERSECTION
  - + MARYLAND J-TURN INTERSECTION
  - + CONTINUOUS FLOW INTERSECTION
  - + JUGHANDLE INTERSECTION
  - + SUPERSTREET INTERSECTION
  - + CONTINUOUS GREEN T-INTERSECTION
-  Implementation of alternative intersections starts in transportation planning with a feasibility study
-  Education of road users about relatively uncommon traffic patterns.

## CONSIDERATIONS

- + ADDITIONAL RIGHT-OF-WAY IS TYPICAL FOR ALTERNATIVE INTERSECTIONS. A FEASIBILITY STUDY SHOULD CONFIRM THAT THE DESIGN MEETS BOTH OPERATIONAL OBJECTIVES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY CONSTRAINTS.
- + SIGNAL TIMING COORDINATION IS ESSENTIAL FOR SOME ALTERNATIVE INTERSECTION DESIGNS.