HNI OVERVIEW

1.0 BACKGROUND

The Highway Needs Inventory (HNI) is a technical reference and planning document which identifies highway improvements to serve existing and projected population and economic activity in the State as well as address safety and structural problems that warrant major construction or reconstruction.

The projects identified in this document represent only an acknowledgment of need based on technical analysis and adopted local and regional transportation plans. The **HNI** is not a construction program, and inclusion of a project does not represent a commitment to implementation. The HNI is not financially constrained nor is it based on revenue forecasts.

The HNI may be considered as a compilation of projected major highway deficiencies. It is important to note that only a portion of the projects in this document will be addressed in the future through selective capital improvements. Many of these needs will remain unfulfilled because the Department does not anticipate that the gap between needs and resources can ever be completely closed, even with the infusion of new revenue.

2.0 LEGAL BASIS OF THE HNI

The development of the HNI is required under Transportation Article 8 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Title 8, section 610 defines the HNI as "...an identification of needs for highway projects, based on latest evaluation of highway conditions and transportation needs..."

Section 611 further requires that "in calendar year 1979 and in each second year following, the Administration, following an assessment of the highway conditions and transportation needs of this State, shall prepare those proposed modifications of the highway needs inventory that it considers necessary."

3.0 SCOPE OF HNI

The HNI is based on a technical evaluation of highway conditions. The general scope and approximate cost of needed highway improvements in this document are based on the application of reasonable design standards. However, this does not preclude further considerations of alternative solutions to the problem, or the "no build" option. Ultimately, more detailed project planning studies would be conducted on potential projects to determine more precise cost estimates and acceptable solutions to the identified need. The HNI lists only major capital construction projects which entail a significant increase in traffic capacity, extensive right-of-way, high cost or major impact.

Low cost capital improvements, otherwise known as "system preservation projects" such as resurfacing, safety and spot improvements, commuter parking, beautification, bridge rehabilitation/reconstruction, drainage improvements, rail crossing elimination, traffic control improvements, and emergency work are not included in the HNI. These projects are included in the annual update of the Department's Consolidated Transportation Program (CTP). Often these relatively low cost improvements serve to correct localized problems and to extend the time before major modernization of the facility becomes necessary. System preservation projects may in some cases result in an indefinite deferral of a major project.

4.0 ROLE OF THE HNI IN THE PLANNING PROCESS

The Maryland Department of Transportation's planning process affects all modes and covers all aspects from policy/system planning and program development through detailed project planning and implementation. The key planning documents developed by the Department to establish the priority of various proposed highway improvements are as follows: (1) State Report on Transportation (SRT); (2) Maryland Transportation Plan (MTP); and (3) the Consolidated Transportation Program (CTP).

The HNI serves as a technical reference and reflection of these planning documents. In addition, the Department participates in the development of local and regional transportation plans which are the responsibility of local and regional planning agencies.

5.0 HNI TERMINOLOGY

There are 31,546 center line miles of roadway in the state of Maryland. Of this total, the Maryland Department of Transportation State Highway Administration (MDOT SHA) maintains 5,211 center line miles (16.5%). Although this represents less than 20 percent of the total miles of roadways in the state, these highways account for approximately 70% of the total vehicle miles of travel in the state. The 5,211 miles of highways maintained by the MDOT SHA are categorized for funding purposes as Primary and Secondary highways.

5.1 Primary System

The State Primary System consists of approximately 23 percent of the total State maintained road mileage. The State Primary System was originally adopted in 1972 and revised in 1978 in accordance with provisions of State law. The Primary System serves the state in the same manner as the Interstate System serves the nation. It has been a policy of the Department to develop the Primary System with a maximum practical degree of access control in order to provide safety to the motorist.

5.2 Secondary System

The Secondary System is a network of State routes which serve inter-regional and localized traffic. This network consists of approximately 77% of the total state maintained roadways and provides feeder and support functions to the Primary System. It also complements county highway systems.

6.0 IMPROVEMENT TYPES

For projects in the Consolidated Transportation Plan (CTP), the specific improvement type identified is also shown in the HNI. Improvement types shown for other projects in the HNI are categorical rather than specific, pending project planning studies. The project planning studies may lead to the selection of a "no build" option or a different improvement type than shown in the HNI.

The improvement types used in the HNI may entail significant right-or-way acquisition, significant increases in capacity and/or significant environmental impact. The basic improvement types used in the HNI are described as follow:

6.1 Reconstruction

These are improvements where old pavement and appurtenances such as drainage structures are removed and replaced or substantially modified. Such reconstruction may apply to the existing number of lanes or dualization, adding or modifying interchanges or existing highway on the same alignment.

6.2 Construction

These are improvements of a totally new facility and appurtenances, including bridges. A new facility will generally provide a highway where none exits, or an alternate facility to an existing highway that will remain open and continue to serve through traffic.

6.3 Access Control Improvement

Control of access by definition is where the ingress and egress to abutting land, onto and/or across the highway is fully or partially restricted by public authority. Highway access can by controlled as follows:

6.3.1 Full Control

This gives preference to through traffic by providing grade separation interchanges with selected public roads only and by prohibiting intersecting at-grade and direct private driveway connections.

6.3.2 **Partial Control**

This gives preference to through traffic to a degree that, in addition to or in lieu of interchanges with major public roads, there may be selected atgrade intersections to public streets only.

6.3.3 Uncontrolled Access

This allows the number of points of ingress and egress to be limited only by control over the placement and the geometric design of connections as necessary for the safety of the traveling public.

6.4 Lane Definitions

The specific number of lanes is referenced only for two lane highways in the HNI, and any highway improvement needing more than two lanes is generally referred to as "multi-lane". Where the case for a multi-lanes improvement is more firmly established; the following terms may be used:

6.4.1 Divided Highway.

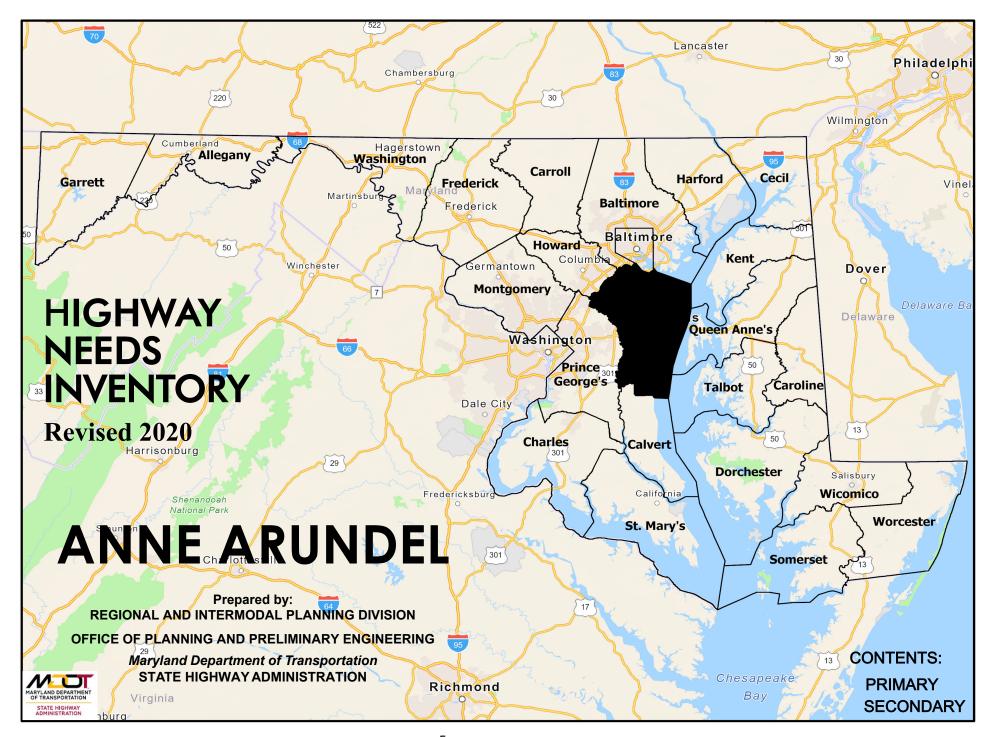
This is a multi-lane highway where opposing roadways are separated by a median or barrier.

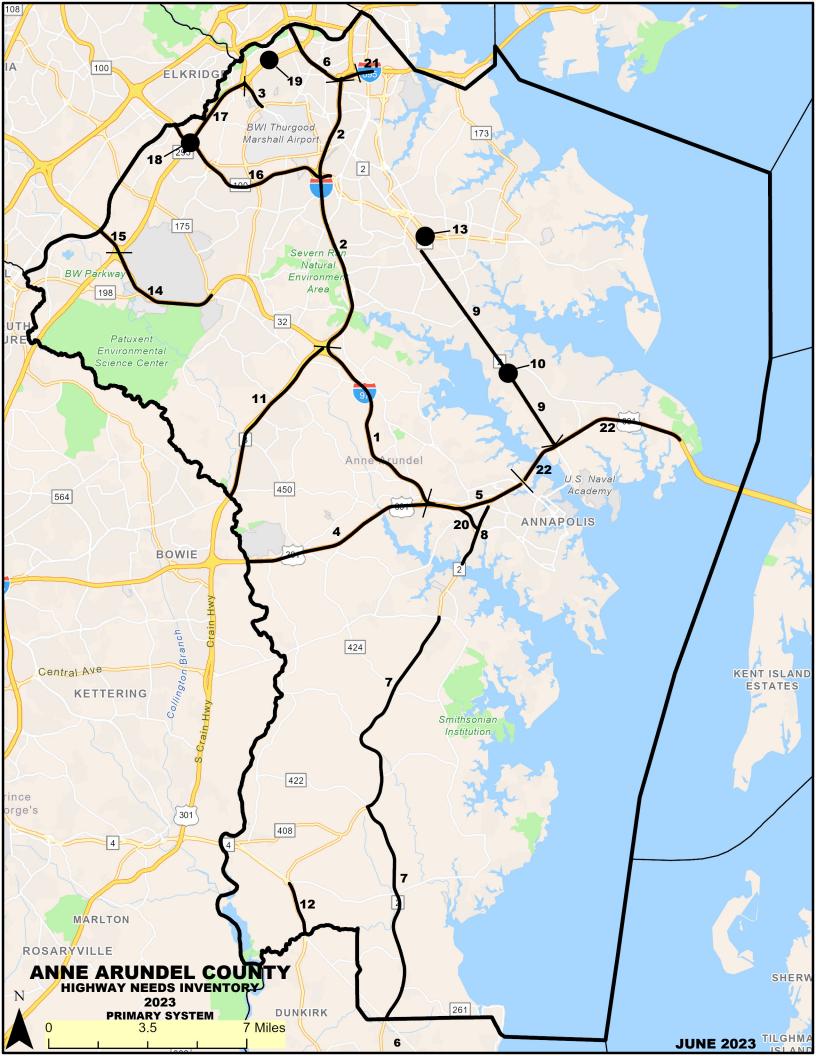
6.4.2 Freeway.

This is divided highway, usually serving a principal arterial function, providing for unrestricted through traffic movement and full control of access (called an expressway under current Maryland law).

7.0 COST ESTIMATES

Cost estimates for prospective improvements are approximate, and are based on likely improvement types. The estimates are not detailed engineering estimates nor do they reflect substantive engineering analysis. These cost estimates do not imply fixed decisions, nor do they preclude alternative solutions to the problem. They merely provide the basis for a general appraisal of the total cost of all highway needs, as well as some idea of the distribution of highway needs across the State.



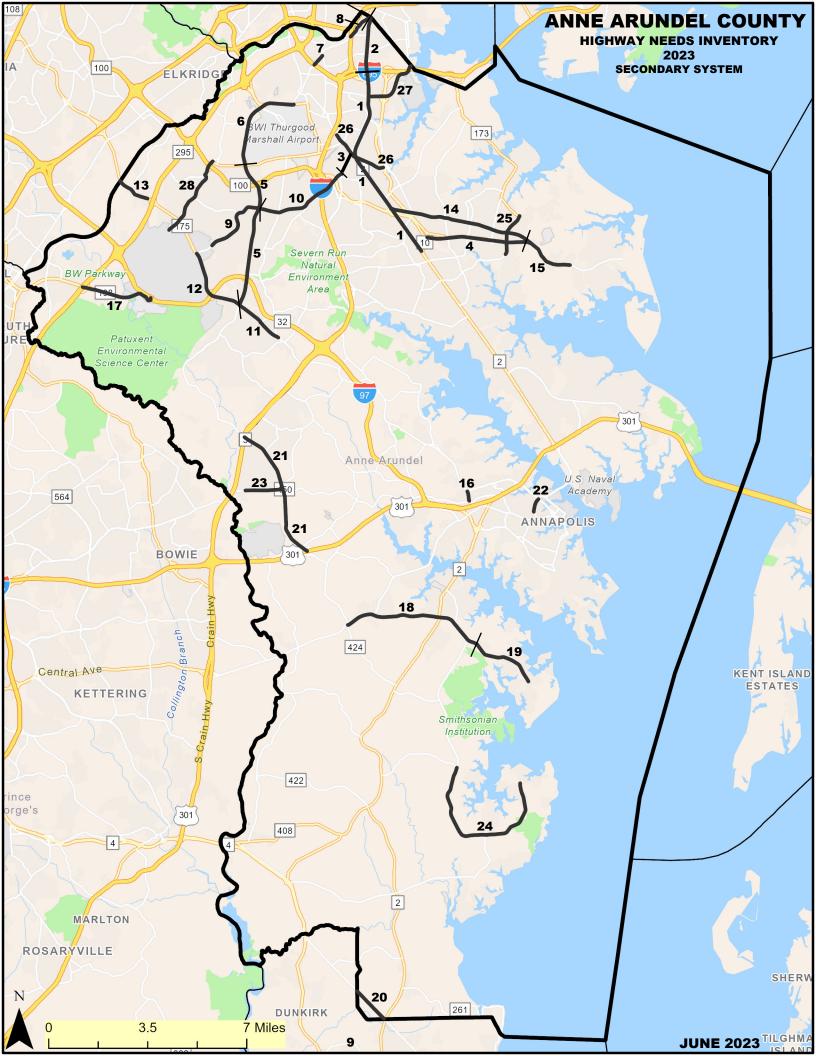


Anne Arundel County - Primary (Revised 2023)

Map Route-Route Name			County Pr	iority Improvement Type
Ref.	Limits		Length	Cost (\$000)
	IS 97	No Name	Yes	Freeway reconstruct/Managed lanes
1	US 50/301 to	N. of MD 32	7.0	\$230,900
	IS 97	No Name	No	Freeway reconstruct/Managed lanes
2	N. MD 32 to 1	[-695	10.4	\$339,100
	IS 195	Metropolitan Boulevard	No	Freeway reconstruct (includes interchange at MD 170)
3	MD 170 to M	D 295	1.1	\$93,300
	IS 595	John Hanson Highway	Yes	Freeway reconstruct
4	Prince George	e's County line to I-97	6.9	\$153,300
	IS 595	John Hanson Highway	Yes	Freeway reconstruct/Managed lanes
5	I-97 to MD 70)	3.4	\$152,900
	IS 695	Baltimore Beltway	No	Freeway reconstruct (includes interchange at MD 170)
6	W. of MD 64	8E to Baltimore County line	2.2	\$116,800
	MD 2	Solomons Island Road	No	2 lane reconstruct with access management
7	Calvert Count	ry line to MD 214	16.2	\$216,600
	MD 2	Solomons Island Road	No	Divided highway reconstruct
8	North of Sout	h River to MD 450 in Parole	2.2	\$60,600
	MD 2	Governor Ritchie Highway	Yes	Divided highway reconstruct
9	US 50/301 To	MD 10	8.4	\$219,000
	MD 2	Governor Ritchie Highway	No	Interchange construct
10	At College Pa	rkway	0.5	\$176,300
	MD 3	Robert Crain Highway	Yes	Divided highway reconstruct
11	PG County Li	ne to MD 32	6.4	\$938,200
	MD 4	Southern MD Boulevard	No	Divided highway reconstruct with access control improvements
12	Calvert Count	ry line to MD 258	1.9	\$119,800
	MD 10	Arundel Expressway	No	Ramp construct
13	Directional ra	mp to Eastbound MD 100	0.3	\$35,500

Anne Arundel County - Primary (Revised 2023)

	Route-Route Limits	Name	County Pr Length	iority Improvement Type Cost (\$000)
	MD 32	Savage Road	No	Freeway reconstruct
14	MD 175 to M	ID 295	4.3	\$166,800
	MD 32	Savage Road	No	Divided highway reconstruct
15	MD 295 to H	oward County line	1.1	\$32,500
	MD 100	No Name	Yes	Freeway reconstruct (Include interchanges)
16	Howard Cour	nty line to I-97	6.8	\$745,700
	MD 295	Baltimore-Washington Parkway	Yes	Freeway reconstruct
17	South of MD	100 to I-195	3.3	\$228,400
	MD 295	Baltimore-Washington Parkway	No	Interchange reconstruct
18	At MD 100		0.5	\$223,900
	MD 295	Baltimore Washington Parkway	No	Interchange reconstruct
19	At West Nurs	sery Road	0.5	\$97,300
	MD 665	Aris Allen Blvd.	No	Freeway reconstruct
20	I-595 to MD	2	1.6	\$394,600
	MD 695	Patapsco Freeway	No	Freeway reconstruct
21	West of MD	10 to I-895B (Spur)	1.4	\$216,000
	US 50	Blue Star Memorial Highway	Yes	Freeway reconstruct/Managed Lanes
22	MD 70 to Be	gin Toll Maintenance	6.7	\$529,900



Anne Arundel County - Secondary (Revised 2023)

	Route-Route Name Limits	County Pr Length	
1	MD 2 Governor Ritchie Highway MD 10 to MD 695	No 7.2	Multi-lane reconstruct \$163,100
2	MD 2 Governor Ritchie Highway MD 695 to Baltimore City line	No 1.9	Multi-lane reconstruct \$75,400
3	MD 3 BU Crain Highway 5th Avenue to MD 2	No 2.3	Two lane reconstruct with access management \$68,100
4	MD 100 Paul T. Pitcher Memorial Highway MD 10 to MD 177	No 3.7	Freeway reconstruct (includes interchanges) \$539,500
5	MD 170 Telegraph Road MD 175 to MD 176	Yes 5.2	Two lane reconstruct with access management \$108,500
6	MD 170 Aviation Boulevard MD 176 to MD 162	No 3.5	Multi-lane reconstruct \$70,600
7	MD 170 Camp Meade Road I-695 to MD 648	No 0.4	Two lane reconstruct with access management \$7,400
8	MD 170 Camp Meade/Belle Grove Road I-895 to MD 2	No 1.0	Two lane reconstruct with access management \$30,500
9	MD 174 Reece Road Begin state maintenance to MD 170	No 2.5	Two lane reconstruct with access management \$76,400
10	MD 174 Quarterfield Road MD 170 to MD 3 Bus	No 3.5	Multi-lane reconstruct \$98,000
11	MD 175 Annapolis Road Burns Crossing Rd to MD 170	No 1.8	Multi-lane reconstruct \$51,500
12	MD 175 Annapolis Road MD 170 to Reece Road	Yes 2.7	Multi-lane reconstruct \$160,800
13	MD 175 Jessup Road Race Road to Howard County line	No 1.2	Two lane reconstruct with access management \$37,400
14	MD 177 Mountain Road MD 2 to MD 100	Yes 5.1	Multi-lane reconstruct \$137,200

Anne Arundel County - Secondary (Revised 2023)

Map Ref.	Route-Route Name Limits	County Pr Length	
	MD 177 Mountain Road	No	Multi-lane reconstruct
15	MD 100 to South Carolina Avenue	1.8	\$66,500
	MD 178 Generals Highway	No	Multi-lane reconstruct
16	MD 450 to Bestgate Road	0.3	\$9,100
	MD 198 Laurel/FT Meade Road	Yes	Multi-lane reconstruct (includes interchange at MD 295)
17	MD 295 to MD 32	2.7	\$209,800
	MD 214 Central Avenue	No	Two lane reconstruct with access management
18	MD 424 to MD 468	4.8	\$66,100
	MD 214 Central Avenue	Yes	Two lane reconstruct with access management
19	MD 468 to Triton Beach Road	2.8	\$86,600
	MD 260 Chesapeake Beach Road	No	Multi-lane reconstruct
20	Calvert County line to Calvert County line	1.4	\$21,400
	MD 424 Davidsonville Road	Yes	Multi-lane reconstruct
21	I-595 (US 50) to MD 3	4.9	\$149,100
	MD 435 Taylor Avenue	No	Two lane reconstruct with access management
22	Begin State maintenance to MD 70	0.5	\$10,200
	MD 450 Defense Highway	No	Multi-lane reconstruct
23	Baldwin Avenue to MD 424	1.3	\$46,500
	MD 468 Shadyside Rd/Muddy Creek Road	No	2 lane reconstruct
24	Begin SHA maintenance at Shady Side to MD 255	6.2	\$130,800
	MD 607 Magothy Bridge Road	No	Multi-lane reconstruct
25	Begin State Maintenance to MD 173	1.5	\$33,300
	MD 648 E Baltimore/Annapolis Boulevard	No	Two lane reconstruct with access management
26	MD 10 to Begin Divided Highway 0.3 mile south I-97	of 2.0	\$51,800
	MD 710 East Ordnance Road	No	Multi-lane reconstruct
27	MD 2 to Baltimore City line	2.2	\$39,000

Anne Arundel County - Secondary (Revised 2023)

-	Map Route-Route Name Ref. Limits		County Priority Length		Improvement Type Cost (\$000)	
	MD 713	Rockenbach Road / Ridge Road / Arundel Mills Blvd	No	Multi-la	ane reconstruct	
28	Begin State	Maintenance (Ft. Meade) to MD 176	3.1		\$89,600	